

Toyota's Initiatives for Realizing Sustainable Mobility

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Toyota Motor Corporation

Toyota's Actions Focused on Rapid Changes Today

Advanced Gasoline Engine Technology

Complete upgrading all of engine series from L3 (1.0) through V8



L3
1.0



Newly-
developed
L4
1.3
New Start &
Stop system



L4
1.8
2.0
Valvematic
system



Newly-
developed
L4
2.5
2.7



V6
2.5
3.0
3.5
4.0



V8
4.6
5.0
5.7

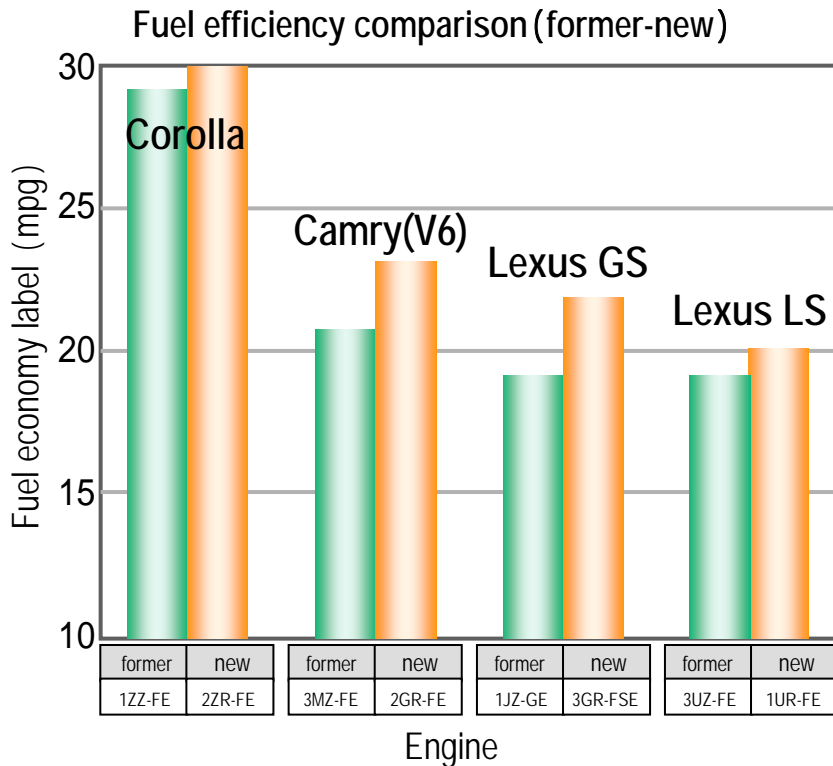
Add variations of fuel-efficient engines

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Advanced Gasoline Engine Technology

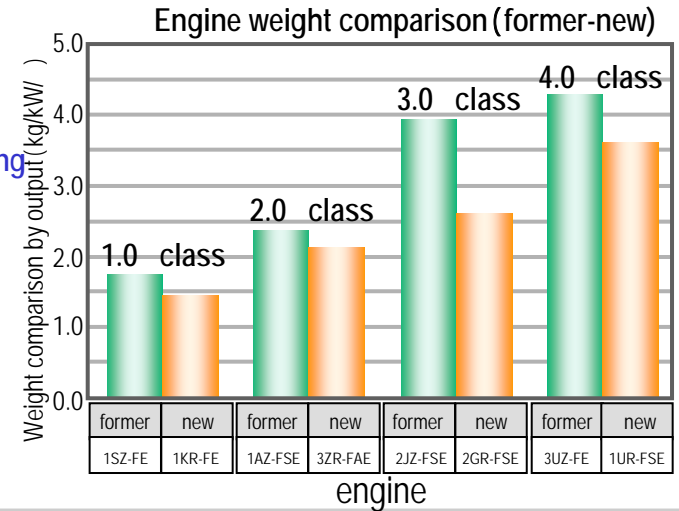
< Improvement of fuel efficiency >

Achieved improvement in fuel efficiency by introducing new engines



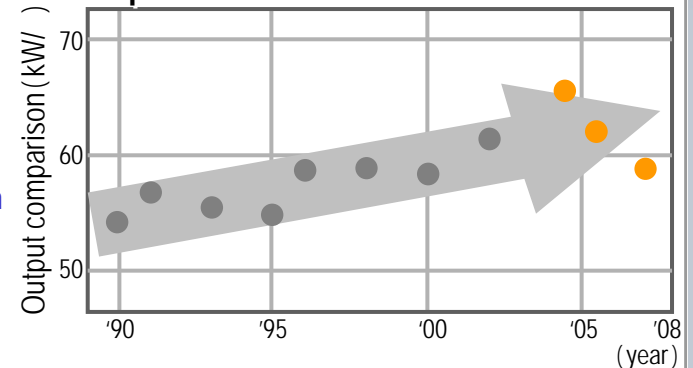
< Weight reduction >

Reduced weight by using aluminum material, and modularized parts.



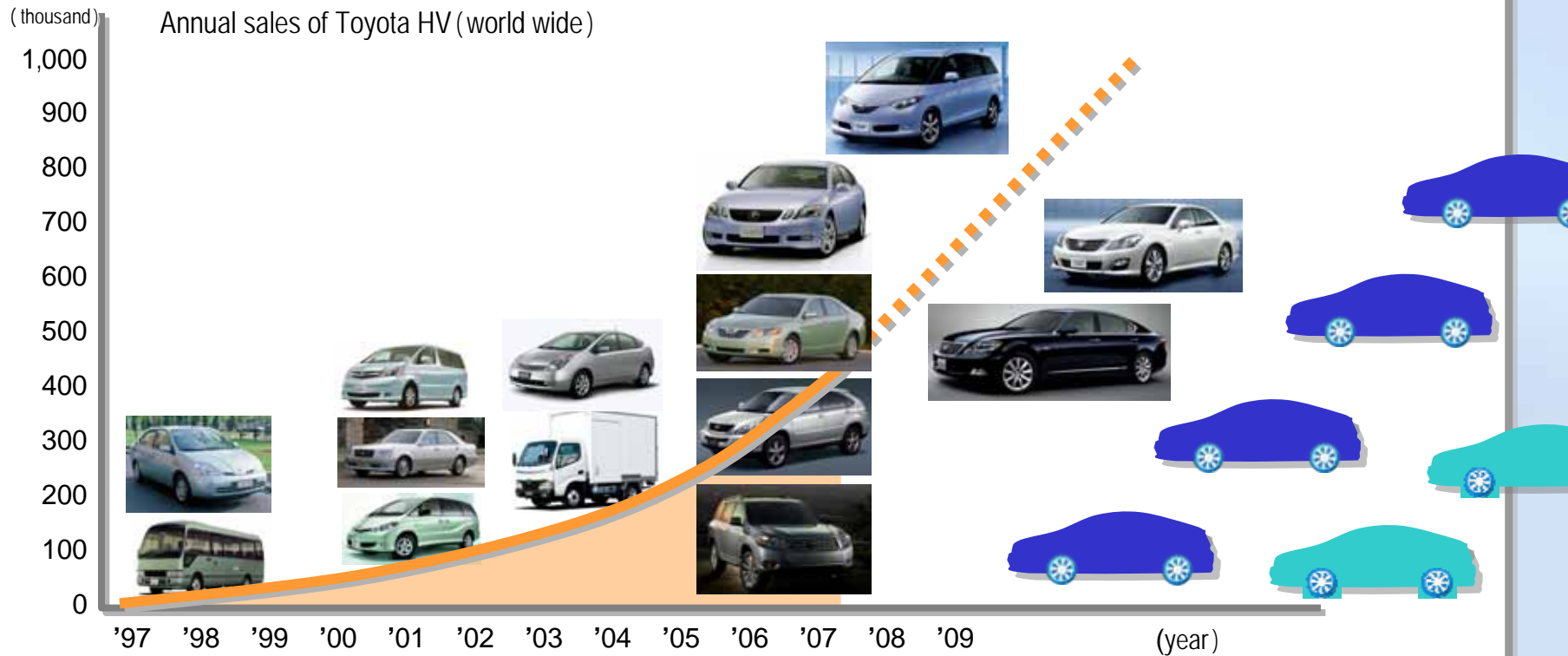
< Improvement of performance >

Performance improved by introducing D-4S, high compression ratio, and lowering friction.



Achieved improvement in weight reduction, fuel efficiency, and in performance at the same time

Expansion of promoting Hybrid Vehicles (HV)



Accelerate promoting hybrid models to satisfy market demand

Actions Focused on Mid-Long Term

Recognizing Challenges

1 . Reducing Oil Consumption
and Promoting Wide Use of Alternative Energies

2 . Reducing CO₂ (for preventing global warming)

3 . Prevention of Air Pollution

Initiatives for Reducing Size and Weight of Vehicles

【 Six methods by which world's most compact vehicle was achieved 】



Differential gear reverse placement



Center take-off gearbox



Placement of ultra-thin fuel tank under floor



Slimmed seat backs



Compact air conditioning unit



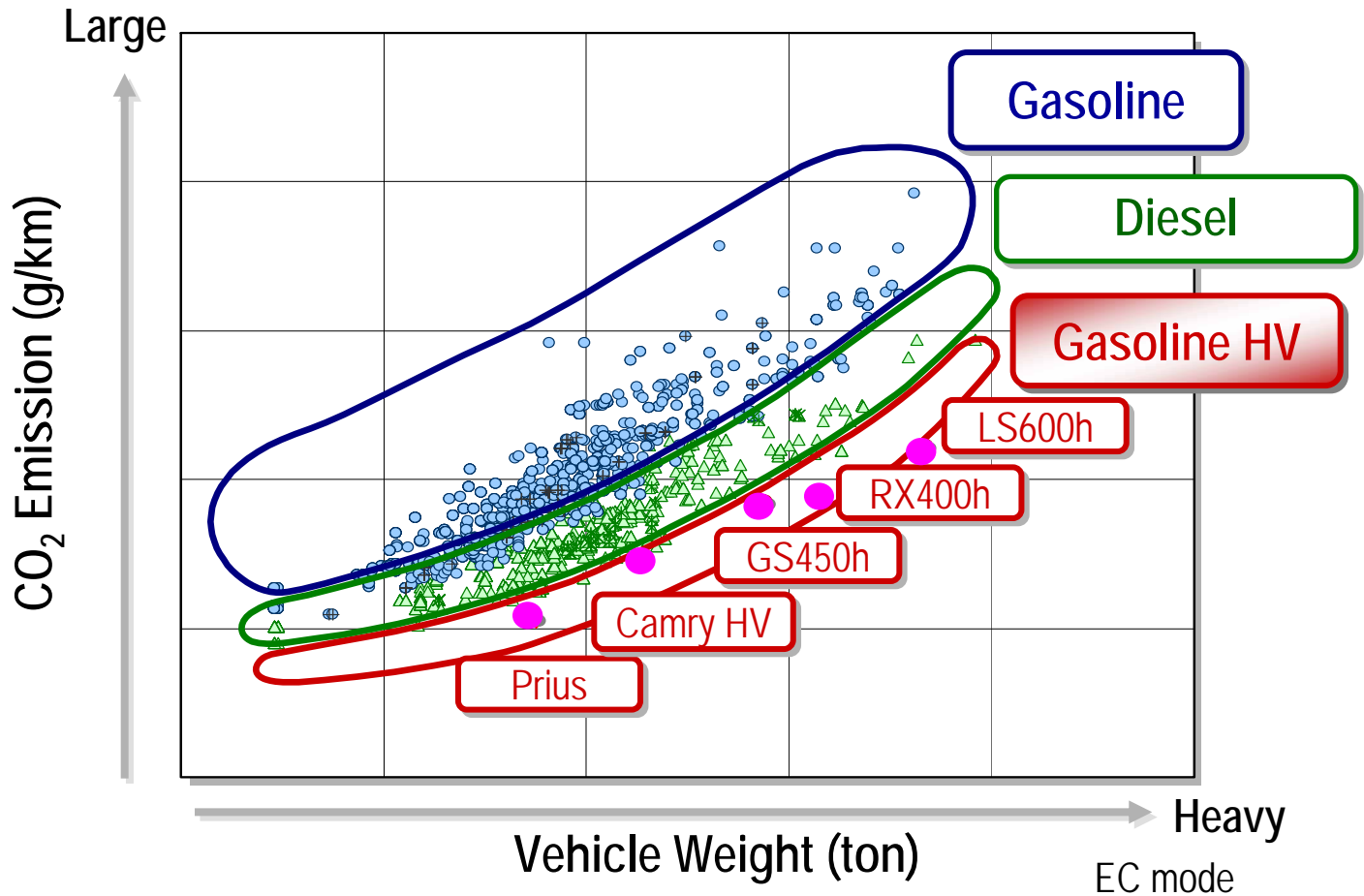
Asymmetric installment panel



Size and weight reduction is crucial to energy conservation and lower CO₂ emissions

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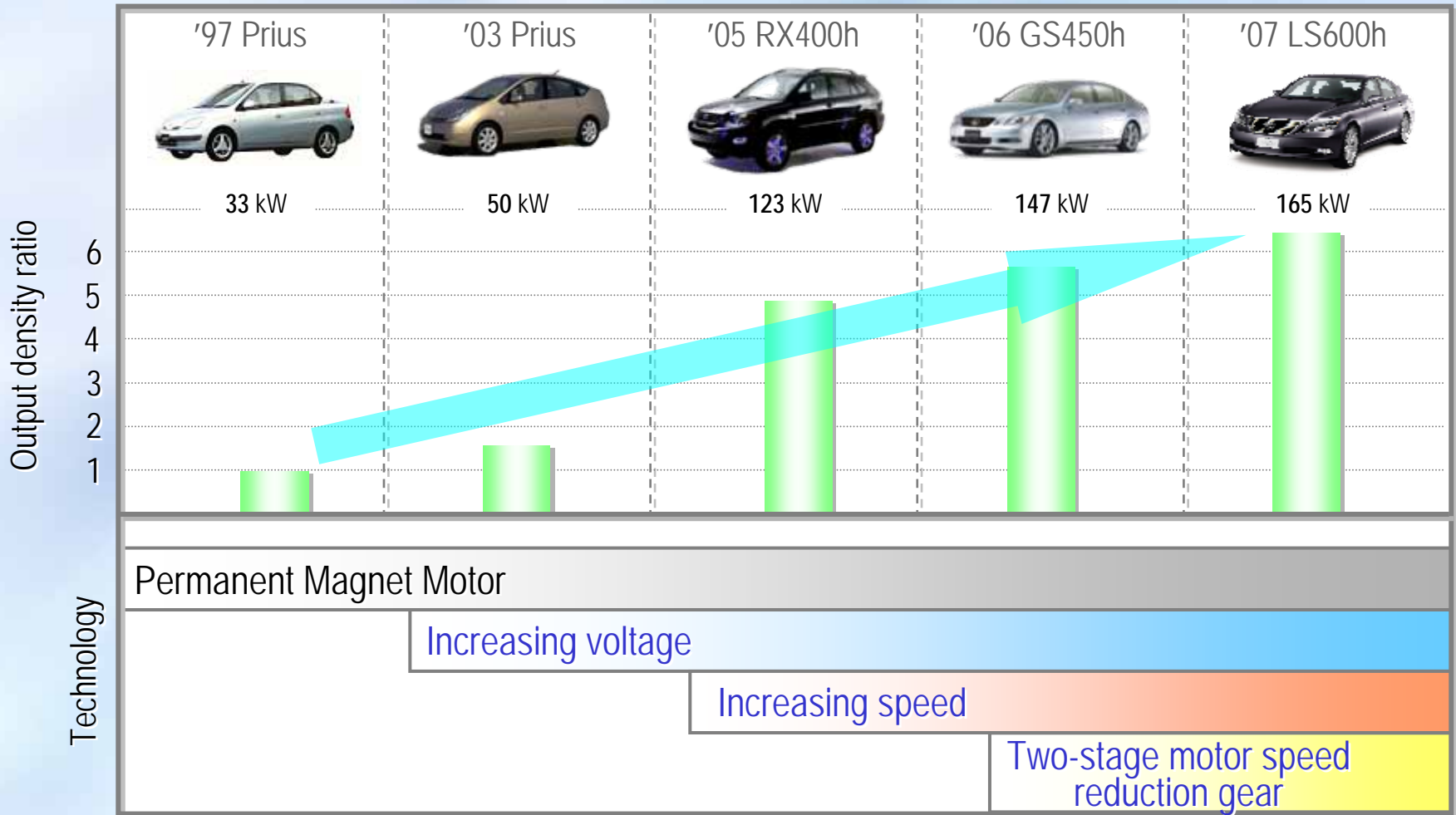
Environmental Superiority of HV



HVs contribute to reduced CO₂ emissions

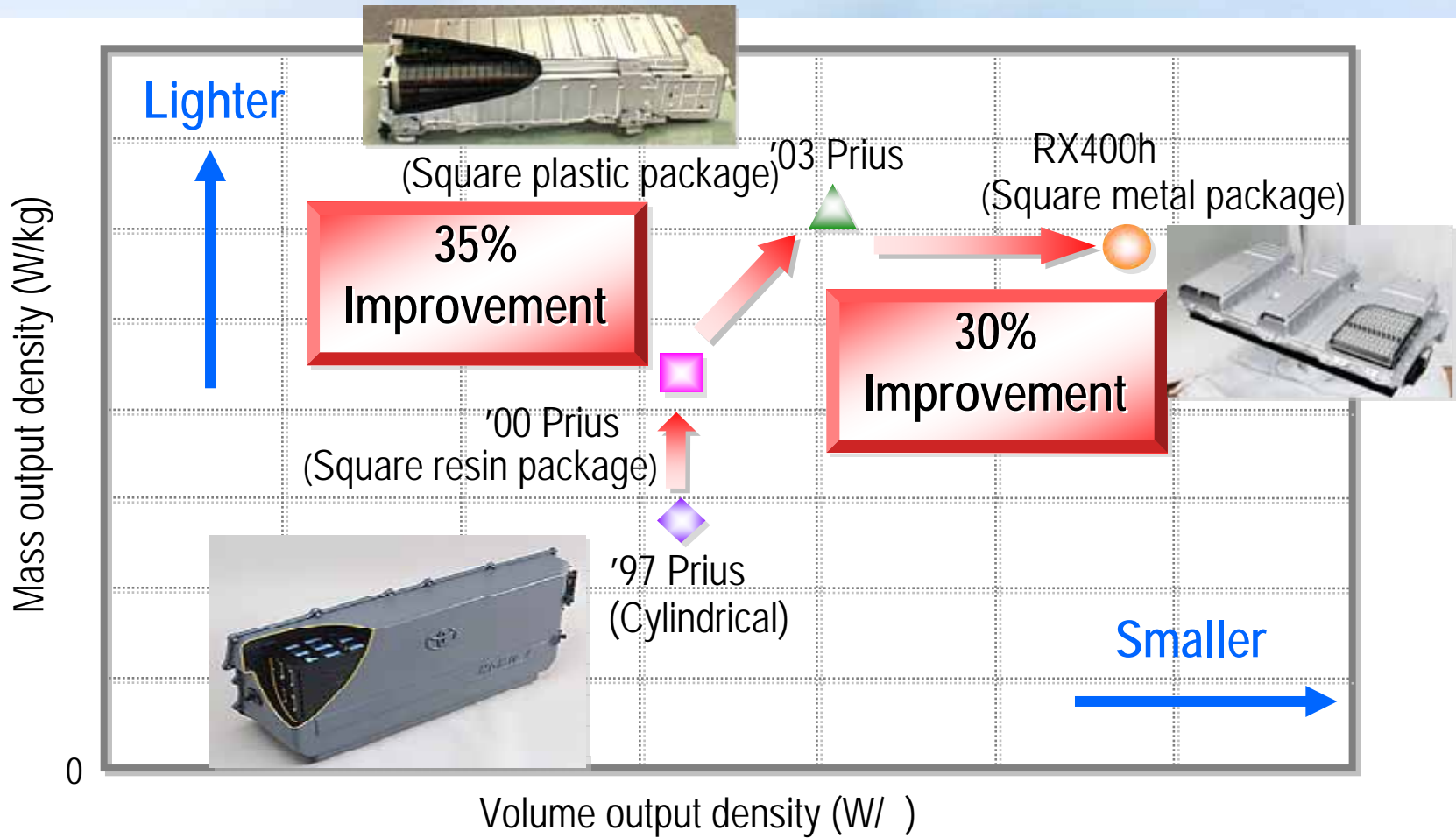
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Evolution of Electric Motors for HV



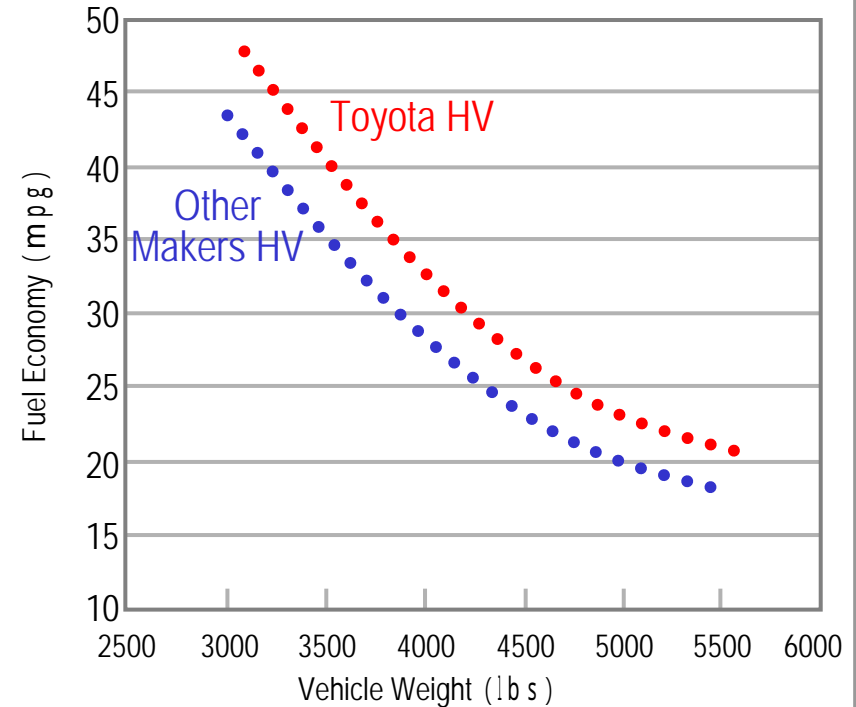
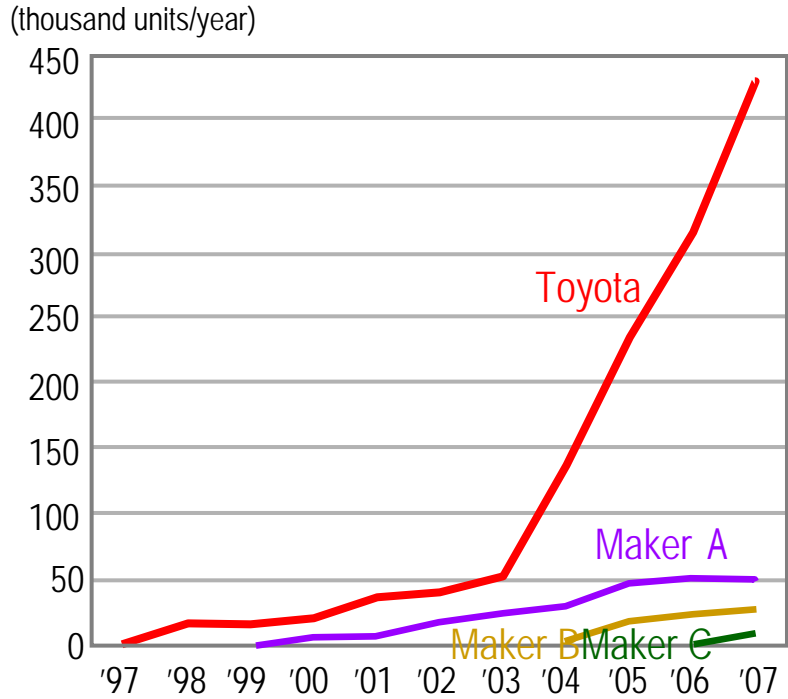
Reducing size and weight by increasing output density

Evolution of Batteries for HV



Reducing size and weight by increasing output density

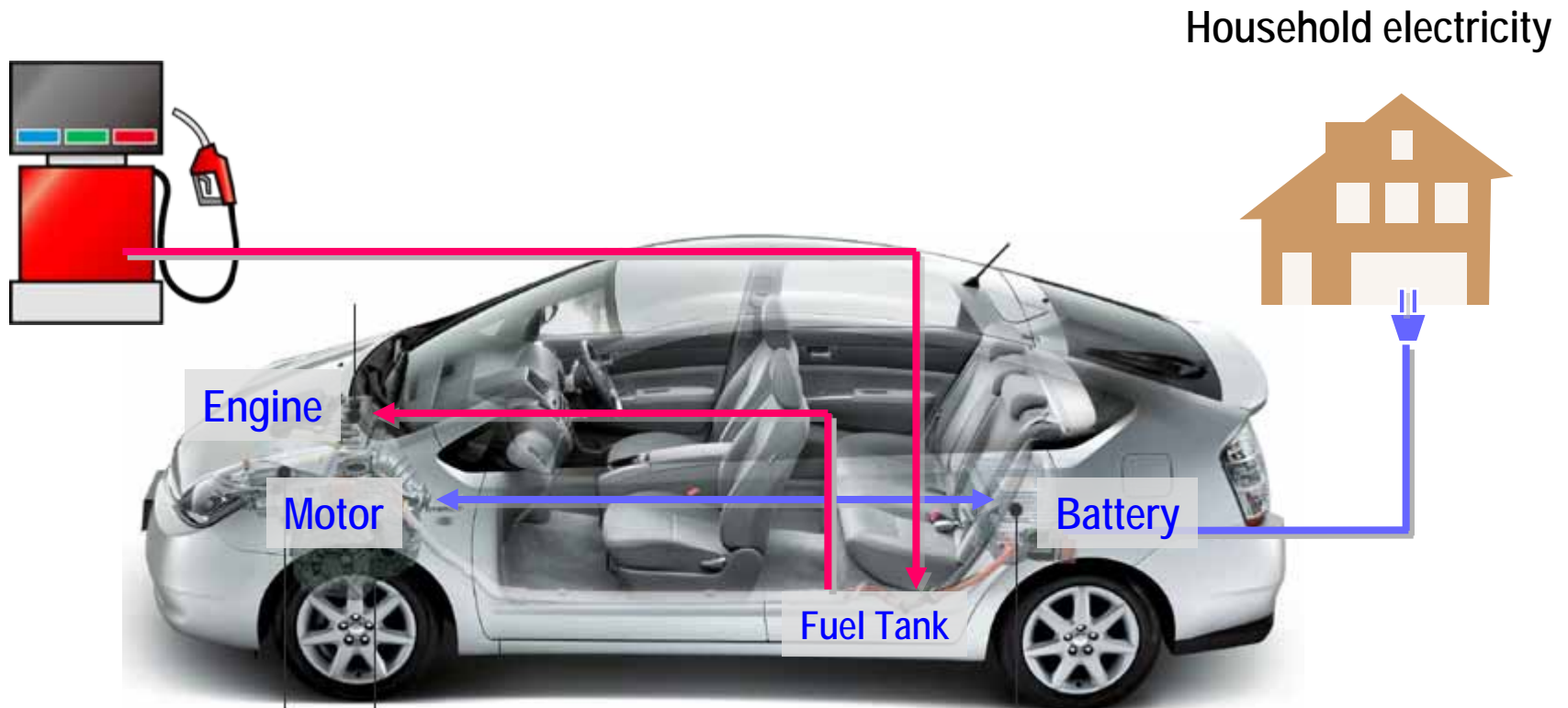
HV Competitiveness of HV With Other Car makers



- Toyota overcomes other car makers in HV sales
- Toyota HV superiors other makers' HV in fuel efficiency

Plug-In Hybrid Vehicle

Recharging battery using an external power source
Short distance:EV, Long distance:HV

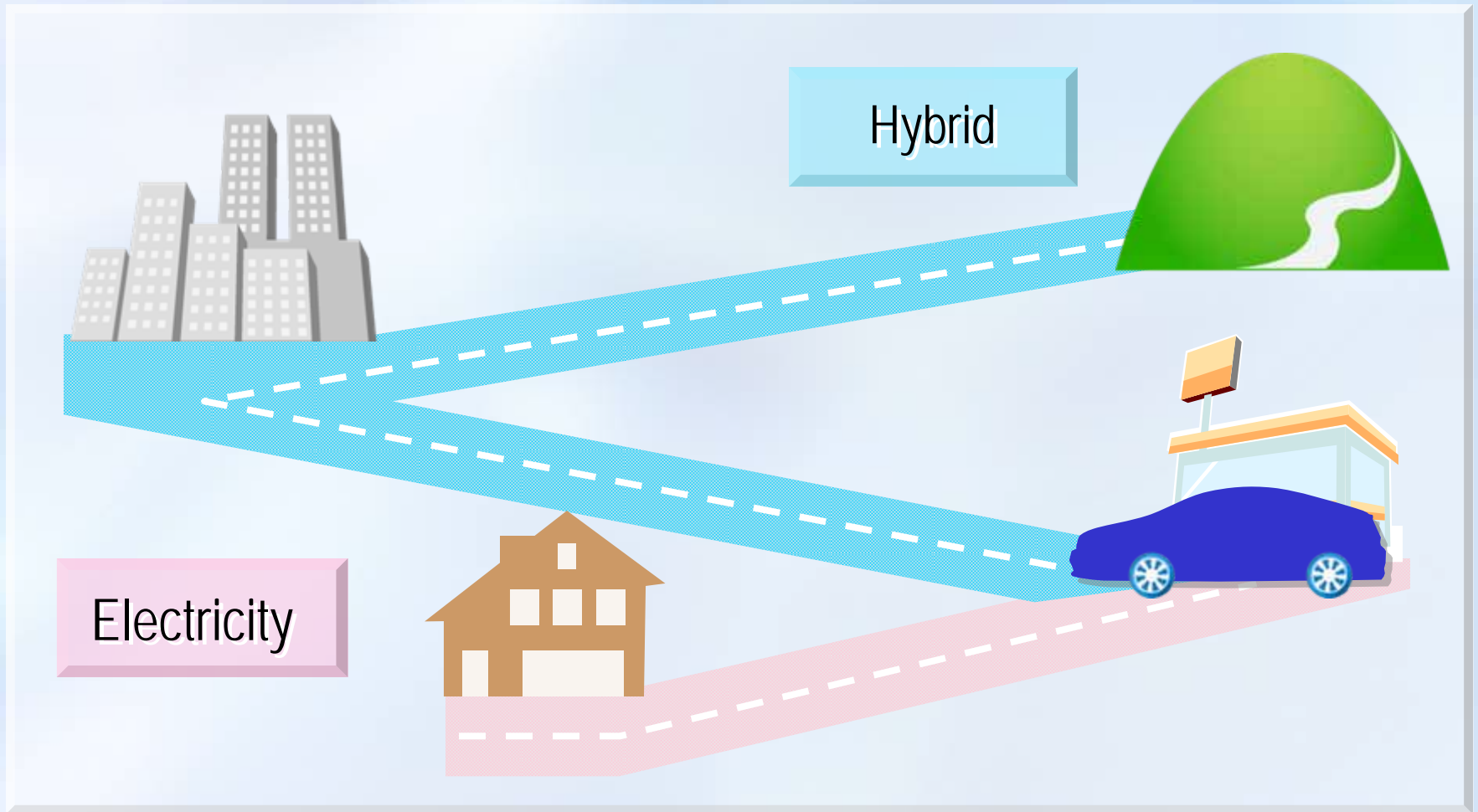


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What is Plug-In Hybrid Vehicle?

Short distance: EV

Long distance: HV



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Results of Verification Testing for Plug-in Hybrid Vehicles



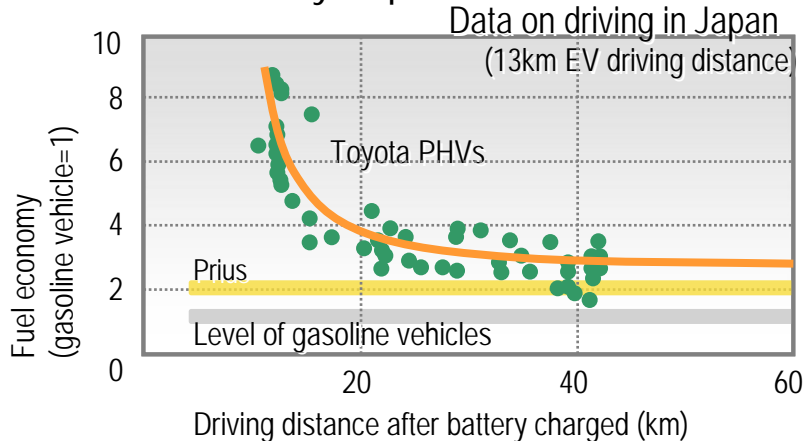
Partner: EDF



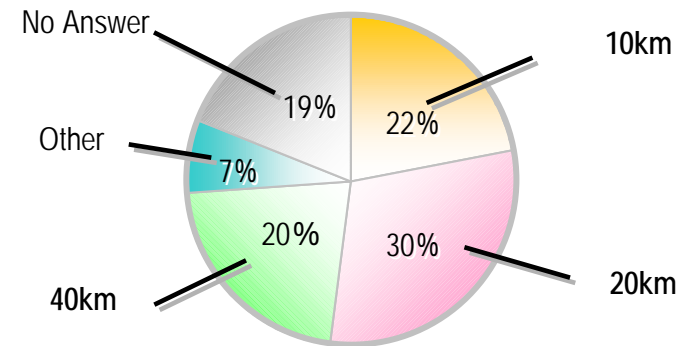
Partner :
University of California
Berkeley, Irvine



< Fuel Efficiency Improvement >



< Expected Values for EV Driving Distance > (Result of the user questionnaires)



**Verification testing is underway in Japan, Europe and the USA
confirmation of improved fuel efficiency for plug-in hybrid vehicles**

EV Initiatives

Toyota RAV4 EV



Toyota e-com



Accelerate R&D of
new generation EV
(in early 2010s)

Challenges for EV:

- 1) Cruising range, 2) cost, 3) charging time, 4) dedicated charging infrastructure
- ➔ For the time being, a realistic option as compact commuter vehicles

Alternative Fuels Initiatives (Bio Fuels, Natural Gas, Hydrogen)

Bio Fuels

- Research for manufacturing cellulose ethanol
- Completed all models to adopted to E10
- Development of vehicles like FFV or BDF-vehicles to satisfy regional demand

FFV



Natural Gas

- Introducing CNG vehicle

FCHV

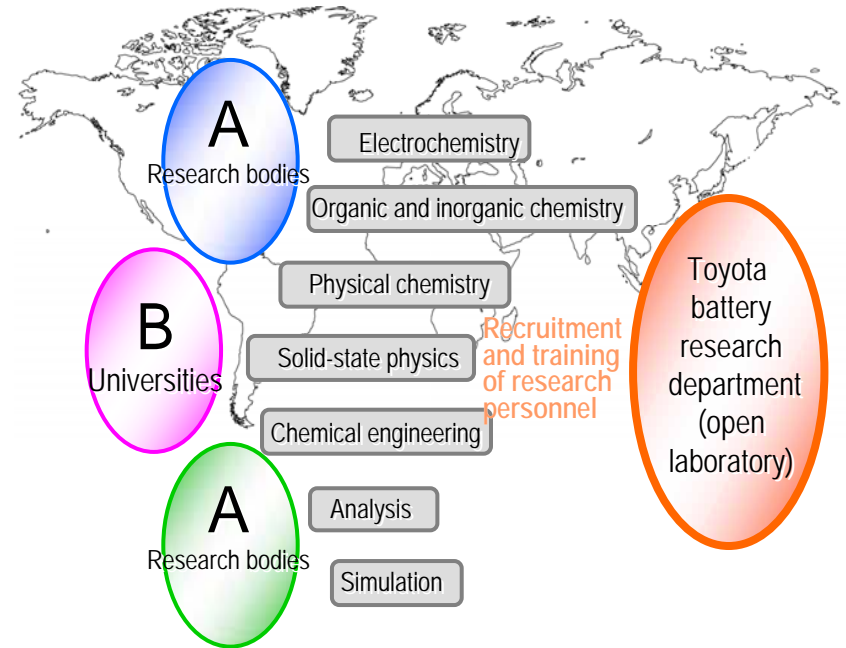
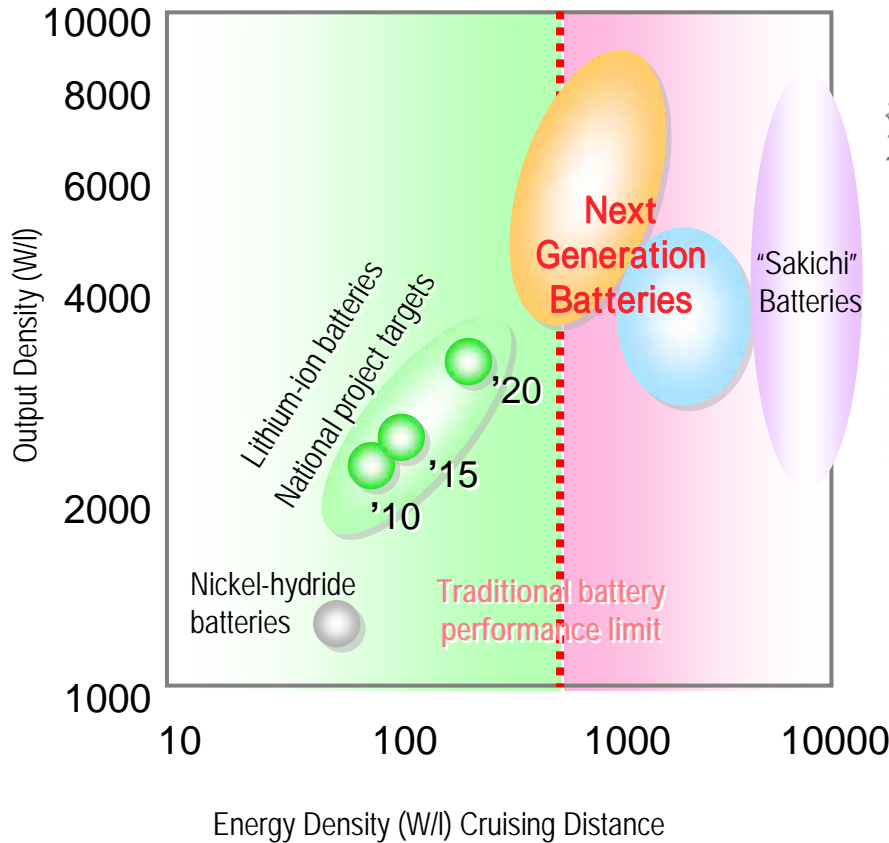


Hydrogen

- Steady advances in FCV technology

Place HV and PHV as core technologies, Toyota develops and offers items based on the concept "right vehicle for the right place at the right time"

Research Organization for Next-generation Batteries



New battery research department to be established as part of efforts to accelerate R&D for a next generation battery

Global R&D Centers

North America



South East Asia



Japan



Europe



Australia



North America Research Institute (TRI-NA) is newly-organized



TODAY for TOMORROW

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